

Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)  
Request for Comments: 9734  
Category: Standards Track  
ISSN: 2070-1721

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February 2025

## X.509 Certificate Extended Key Usage (EKU) for Instant Messaging URIs

### Abstract

RFC 5280 specifies several extended key purpose identifiers (KeyPurposeIds) for X.509 certificates. This document defines an Instant Messaging (IM) identity KeyPurposeId for inclusion in the Extended Key Usage (EKU) extension of X.509 v3 public key certificates

### Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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### 1. Introduction

Instant Messaging (IM) systems using the Messaging Layer Security

(MLS) [RFC9420] protocol can incorporate per-client identity certificate credentials. A subjectAltName in these certificates can be an IM URI [RFC3860] or Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP) URI [RFC6121], for example.

Organizations may be unwilling to issue certificates for an IM client using a general KeyPurposeId, such as id-kp-serverAuth or id-kp-clientAuth, because of the risk that such certificates could be abused in a cross-protocol attack.

An explanation of MLS credentials as they apply to IM is described in [E2E-IDENTITY]. These credentials are expected to be heavily used in the More Instant Messaging Interoperability (MIMI) Working Group.

## 2. Conventions and Definitions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

## 3. The IM URI EKU

This specification defines the KeyPurposeId id-kp-imUri, which may be included in certificates used to prove the identity of an IM client. This EKU extension MAY, at the option of the certificate issuer, be either critical or non-critical.

```
id-kp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) identified-organization(3) dod(6) internet(1)
    security(5) mechanisms(5) pkix(7) kp(3) }
```

```
id-kp-imUri OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { id-kp 40 }
```

## 4. Security Considerations

The security considerations of [RFC5280] are applicable to this document. The id-kp-imUri extended key purpose does not introduce new security risks but instead reduces existing security risks by providing means to identify if the certificate is generated to sign IM identity credentials. Issuers SHOULD NOT set the id-kp-imUri extended key purpose and an id-kp-clientAuth or id-kp-serverAuth extended key purpose: that would defeat the improved specificity offered by having an id-kp-imUri extended key purpose.

## 5. IANA Considerations

IANA has registered the following OID in the "SMI Security for PKIX Extended Key Purpose" registry (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3). This OID is defined in Section 3.

Decimal	Description	References
40	id-kp-imUri	RFC 9734

Table 1

IANA has also registered the following ASN.1 [ITU.X690.2021] module OID in the "SMI Security for PKIX Module Identifier" registry (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.0). This OID is defined in Appendix A.

Decimal	Description	References
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113	id-mod-im-eku	RFC 9734
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Table 2

## 6. References

## 6.1. Normative References

- [ITU.X680.2021] ITU-T, "Information Technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation", ITU-T Recommendation X.680, ISO/IEC 8824-1:2021, February 2021, <<https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.680>>.
- [ITU.X690.2021] ITU-T, "Information Technology - ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)", ITU-T Recommendation X.690, ISO/IEC 8825-1-2021, February 2021, <<https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.690>>.
- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC5280] Cooper, D., Santesson, S., Farrell, S., Boeyen, S., Housley, R., and W. Polk, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", RFC 5280, DOI 10.17487/RFC5280, May 2008, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5280>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>>.

## 6.2. Informative References

- [E2E-IDENTITY] Barnes, R. and R. Mahy, "Identity for E2E-Secure Communications", Work in Progress, Internet-Draft, draft-barnes-mimi-identity-arch-02, 4 February 2025, <<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-barnes-mimi-identity-arch-02>>.
- [RFC3860] Peterson, J., "Common Profile for Instant Messaging (CPIM)", RFC 3860, DOI 10.17487/RFC3860, August 2004, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc3860>>.
- [RFC6121] Saint-Andre, P., "Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP): Instant Messaging and Presence", RFC 6121, DOI 10.17487/RFC6121, March 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6121>>.
- [RFC9420] Barnes, R., Beurdouche, B., Robert, R., Millican, J., Omara, E., and K. Cohn-Gordon, "The Messaging Layer Security (MLS) Protocol", RFC 9420, DOI 10.17487/RFC9420, July 2023, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9420>>.

## Appendix A. ASN.1 Module

The following module adheres to ASN.1 specifications [ITU.X680.2021] and [ITU.X690.2021].

<CODE BEGINS>

IM-EKU

```
{ iso(1) identified-organization(3) dod(6) internet(1)
  security(5) mechanisms(5) pkix(7) id-mod(0)
  id-mod-im-eku (113) }
```

DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN

-- OID Arc

id-kp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=

```
{ iso(1) identified-organization(3) dod(6) internet(1)
  security(5) mechanisms(5) pkix(7) kp(3) }
```

-- Extended Key Usage Values

id-kp-imUri OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { id-kp 40 }

END

<CODE ENDS>

#### Acknowledgments

Thanks to Sean Turner and Russ Housley for reviews, suggestions, corrections, and encouragement.

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