

v6ops
Internet-Draft
Intended status: Standards Track
Expires: 18 May 2026

J. Palet Martinez
The IPv6 Company
14 November 2025

Reclassifying SIIT-DC-DTM (RFC7756) to Standards Track
draft-palet-v6ops-siit-dc-dtm-st-00

Abstract

This document reclassifies Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode ([RFC7756]) to Standards Track.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet-Drafts is at <https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/>.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

This Internet-Draft will expire on 18 May 2026.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2025 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Revised BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Revised BSD License.

Table of Contents

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Introduction | 2 |
| 2. Implementation Status | 2 |
| 3. References | 4 |
| 3.1. Normative References | 4 |
| 3.2. Informative References | 5 |
| Author's Address | 6 |

1. Introduction

This document proposes that Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode ([RFC7756]) is advanced to Standards Track, following RFC6410 ([RFC6410]).

(1) There are at least two independent interoperating implementations with widespread deployment and successful operational experience.

Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode ([RFC7756]) has been widely implemented by at least a dozen of vendors and its being used in commercial deployments by hundreds of millions of devices.

(2) There are no errata against the specification that would cause a new implementation to fail to interoperate with deployed ones.

Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode ([RFC7756]) has no errata filed.

(3) There are no unused features in the specification that greatly increase implementation complexity.

There are no unused features.

(4) If the technology required to implement the specification requires patented or otherwise controlled technology, then the set of implementations must demonstrate at least two independent, separate and successful uses of the licensing process.

None.

2. Implementation Status

Note to RFC Editor: If this document needs to be published, please remove this section before publication, as it is only intended for the IESG evaluation.

This section summarized the known status of existing and interoperable implementations of the protocol subject of this document, as well as closely related protocols. This is following ([RFC7942]) and intended to assist the relevant WGs, IESG and IETF as a whole, in the evaluation of the document for the document progress through the standardization process.

The description of the implementations does not imply any IETF endorsement and is solely based on public available information, which has not been formally confirmed by specific interoperability testing for this document publication; however, it is known to be confirmed by existing commercial working deployments worldwide and without known interoperability issues.

Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode ([RFC7756]) was originally published in February 2016.

([RFC7756]) is implemented together with other related protocols (just to name a few of the most relevant ones) such as:

- * IPv6 Addressing of IPv4/IPv6 Translators ([RFC6052]).
- * Explicit Address Mappings for Stateless IP/ICMP Translation ([RFC7757]).
- * IP/ICMP Translation Algorithm ([RFC7915]).

Follows a list of known implementations by different products/vendors, known to be mature and in production products/networks/services worldwide:

- * Al0. Implemented in multiple products.
<https://www.al0networks.com/products/thunder-cgn/>.
- * Arista. Implemented in multiple products.
<https://www.arista.com/en/support/toi/eos-4-24-0f/14495-map-t-border-relay>.
- * Broadcom. Implemented in Brocade products.
<https://techdocs.broadcom.com/us/en/vmware-cis/nsx/nsxt-dc/3-1/administration-guide/network-address-translation/configure-an-nsx-nat64.html>.
- * Cisco. Implemented in multiple series of products.
https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/ios/config/17-x/ip-addressing/b-ip-addressing/m_iadnat-stateless-nat64.html.

- * CLATD. Implemented in Linux. <https://github.com/toreanderson/clatd>.
- * F5. Implemented in multiple products. https://techdocs.f5.com/kb/en-us/products/big-ip_ltm/manuals/product/cgn-implementations-11-6-0/2.html.
- * Fortinet. Implemented in multiple products. <https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.4.6/fortinet-carrier-grade-nat-field-reference-architecture-guide/891965/nat64>.
- * Huawei. Implemented in multiple series of products. <https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/doc/EDOC1100279002/a8672300/appendix-gx-interface>.
- * Jool. Implmented since 2014. <https://nicmx.github.io/Jool/en/index.html>.
- * Juniper. Implemented in multiple series of products. <https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos/nat/topics/topic-map/security-persistent-nat-and-nat64.html>.
- * Nokia. Implemented in multiple products as part of the NAT64 support. <https://documentation.nokia.com/acg/23-7-2/books/classic-cli-part-iii/c128-nat-stateless-dh.html>.
- * OpenWRT. <https://github.com/openwrt>.
- * Palo Alto. Implemented in muliple products. <https://docs.paloaltonetworks.com/ngfw/networking/nat64>.
- * Tayga. <https://github.com/openthread/tayga>.
- * VPP. [https://wiki.fd.io/view/VPP/Configure_an_LW46_\(MAP-E\)_Terminator#SIIT-DC](https://wiki.fd.io/view/VPP/Configure_an_LW46_(MAP-E)_Terminator#SIIT-DC).

Note that even an effort has been done to compile an extensive list (including a relevant URL), there may be many more implementations not publicly known, so this list doesn't pretend to be exclusive, just an indication of a sufficient number of implementations, as required for the evaluation of the current implementation status.

3. References

3.1. Normative References

- [RFC6410] Housley, R., Crocker, D., and E. Burger, "Reducing the Standards Track to Two Maturity Levels", BCP 9, RFC 6410, DOI 10.17487/RFC6410, October 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6410>>.
- [RFC7756] Anderson, T. and S. Steffann, "Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Internet Data Center Environments (SIIT-DC): Dual Translation Mode", RFC 7756, DOI 10.17487/RFC7756, February 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7756>>.

3.2. Informative References

- [RFC6052] Bao, C., Huitema, C., Bagnulo, M., Boucadair, M., and X. Li, "IPv6 Addressing of IPv4/IPv6 Translators", RFC 6052, DOI 10.17487/RFC6052, October 2010, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6052>>.
- [RFC6147] Bagnulo, M., Sullivan, A., Matthews, P., and I. van Beijnum, "DNS64: DNS Extensions for Network Address Translation from IPv6 Clients to IPv4 Servers", RFC 6147, DOI 10.17487/RFC6147, April 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6147>>.
- [RFC6877] Mawatari, M., Kawashima, M., and C. Byrne, "464XLAT: Combination of Stateful and Stateless Translation", RFC 6877, DOI 10.17487/RFC6877, April 2013, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6877>>.
- [RFC7599] Li, X., Bao, C., Dec, W., Ed., Troan, O., Matsushima, S., and T. Murakami, "Mapping of Address and Port using Translation (MAP-T)", RFC 7599, DOI 10.17487/RFC7599, July 2015, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7599>>.
- [RFC7755] Anderson, T., "SIIT-DC: Stateless IP/ICMP Translation for IPv6 Data Center Environments", RFC 7755, DOI 10.17487/RFC7755, February 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7755>>.
- [RFC7757] Anderson, T. and A. Leiva Popper, "Explicit Address Mappings for Stateless IP/ICMP Translation", RFC 7757, DOI 10.17487/RFC7757, February 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7757>>.
- [RFC7915] Bao, C., Li, X., Baker, F., Anderson, T., and F. Gont, "IP/ICMP Translation Algorithm", RFC 7915, DOI 10.17487/RFC7915, June 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7915>>.

[RFC7942] Sheffer, Y. and A. Farrel, "Improving Awareness of Running Code: The Implementation Status Section", BCP 205, RFC 7942, DOI 10.17487/RFC7942, July 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7942>>.

Author's Address

Jordi Palet Martinez
The IPv6 Company
Molino de la Navata, 75
28420 La Navata - Galapagar Madrid
Spain
Email: jordi.palet@theipv6company.com
URI: <http://www.theipv6company.com/>