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Deprecating Obsolete Key Exchange Methods in (D)TLS 1.2
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Abstract

For (D)TLS 1.2, this document deprecates the use of two key exchanges, namely Diffie-Hellman over a finite field and RSA, and it discourages the use of static elliptic curve Diffie-Hellman cipher suites.

These prescriptions apply only to (D)TLS 1.2 since (D)TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are deprecated by RFC 8996 and (D)TLS 1.3 either does not use the affected algorithm or does not share the relevant configuration options. (There is no DTLS version 1.1.)

This document updates RFCs 9325, 4346, 5246, 4162, 6347, 5932, 5288, 6209, 6367, 8422, 5289, 5469, 4785, 4279, 5487, 6655, and 7905.

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1. Introduction

(D)TLS 1.2 supports a variety of key exchange algorithms, including RSA, Diffie-Hellman over a finite field, and elliptic curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDH).

Diffie-Hellman key exchange, over any group, comes in ephemeral and non-ephemeral varieties. Non-ephemeral DH algorithms use static DH public keys included in the authenticating peer's certificate; see [RFC4492] for discussion. In contrast, ephemeral DH algorithms use ephemeral DH public keys sent in the handshake and authenticated by

the peer's certificate. Ephemeral and non-ephemeral finite field DH algorithms are called DHE and DH (or FFDHE and FFDH), respectively, and ephemeral and non-ephemeral elliptic curve DH algorithms are called ECDHE and ECDH, respectively [RFC4492].

In general, non-ephemeral cipher suites are not recommended due to their lack of forward secrecy. Moreover, as demonstrated by the [Raccoon] attack on finite-field DH, public key reuse, either via non-ephemeral cipher suites or reused keys with ephemeral cipher suites, can lead to timing side channels that may leak connection secrets. For elliptic curve DH, invalid curve attacks similarly exploit secret reuse in order to break security [ICA], further demonstrating the risk of reusing public keys. While both side channels can be avoided in implementations, experience shows that in practice, implementations may fail to thwart such attacks due to the complexity and number of the required mitigations.

Additionally, RSA key exchange suffers from security problems that are independent of implementation choices as well as problems that stem purely from the difficulty of implementing security countermeasures correctly.

At a rough glance, the problems affecting FFDHE in (D)TLS 1.2 are as follows:

1. FFDHE suffers from interoperability problems because there is no mechanism for negotiating the group, and some implementations only support small group sizes (see [RFC7919], Section 1).
2. FFDHE groups may have small subgroups, which enables several attacks [subgroups]. When presented with a custom, non-standardized FFDHE group, a handshaking client cannot practically verify that the group chosen by the server does not suffer from this problem. There is also no mechanism for such handshakes to fall back to other key exchange parameters that are acceptable to the client. Custom FFDHE groups are widespread (as a result of advice based on [weak-dh]). Therefore, clients cannot simply reject handshakes that present custom, and thus potentially dangerous, groups.
3. In practice, some operators use 1024-bit FFDHE groups since this is the maximum size that ensures wide support (see [RFC7919], Section 1). This size leaves only a small security margin vs. the current discrete log record, which stands at 795 bits [DLOG795].

4. Expanding on the previous point, just a handful of very large computations allow an attacker to cheaply decrypt a relatively large fraction of FFDHE traffic (namely, traffic encrypted using particular standardized groups) [weak-dh].
5. When secrets are not fully ephemeral, FFDHE suffers from the [Raccoon] side channel attack. (Note that FFDH is inherently vulnerable to the Raccoon attack unless constant-time mitigations are employed.)

The problems affecting RSA key exchange in (D)TLS 1.2 are as follows:

1. RSA key exchange offers no forward secrecy, by construction.
2. RSA key exchange may be vulnerable to Bleichenbacher's attack [BLEI]. Experience shows that variants of this attack arise every few years because implementing the relevant countermeasure correctly is difficult (see [ROBOT], [NEW-BLEI], [DROWN]).
3. In addition to the above point, there is no convenient mechanism in (D)TLS 1.2 for the domain separation of keys. Therefore, a single endpoint that is vulnerable to Bleichenbacher's attack would affect all endpoints sharing the same RSA key (see [XPROT], [DROWN]).

This document updates [RFC9325], [RFC4346], [RFC5246], [RFC4162], [RFC6347], [RFC5932], [RFC5288], [RFC6209], [RFC6367], [RFC8422], [RFC5289], [RFC4785], [RFC4279], [RFC5487], [RFC6655], [RFC7905] and [RFC5469] to remediate the above problems.

[RFC9325] contains the latest IETF recommendations for users of the (D)TLS protocol (and specifically, (D)TLS 1.2) and this document supersedes it in several points. Appendix F details the exact differences. All other recommendations of the BCP document remain valid.

1.1. Requirements

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

2. Non-Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman

Clients MUST NOT offer and servers MUST NOT select non-ephemeral FFDH cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.2 connections. (Note that (D)TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are deprecated by [RFC8996] and (D)TLS 1.3 does not support FFDH [I-D.ietf-tls-rfc8446bis][RFC9147].) This includes all cipher suites listed in the table in Appendix A.

Clients SHOULD NOT offer and servers SHOULD NOT select non-ephemeral ECDH cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.2 connections. (This requirement is already present in [RFC9325]. Note that (D)TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are deprecated by [RFC8996] and (D)TLS 1.3 does not support ECDH [I-D.ietf-tls-rfc8446bis][RFC9147].) This includes all cipher suites listed in the table in Appendix B.

In addition, to avoid the use of non-ephemeral Diffie-Hellman, clients SHOULD NOT use and servers SHOULD NOT accept certificates with fixed DH parameters. These certificate types are `rsa_fixed_dh`, `dss_fixed_dh`, `rsa_fixed_ecdh` and `ecdsa_fixed_ecdh` as listed in Appendix E. These values only apply to (D)TLS versions of 1.2 and below.

3. Ephemeral Finite Field Diffie-Hellman

Clients MUST NOT offer and servers MUST NOT select FFDHE cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.2 connections. This includes all cipher suites listed in the table in Appendix C. (Note that (D)TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are deprecated by [RFC8996].) FFDHE cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.3 do not suffer from the problems presented in Section 1; see [I-D.ietf-tls-rfc8446bis] and [RFC9147]. Therefore, clients and servers MAY offer FFDHE cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.3 connections.

4. RSA

Clients MUST NOT offer and servers MUST NOT select RSA cipher suites in (D)TLS 1.2 connections. (Note that (D)TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are deprecated by [RFC8996], and (D)TLS 1.3 does not support static RSA [I-D.ietf-tls-rfc8446bis][RFC9147].) This includes all cipher suites listed in the table in Appendix D. Note that these cipher suites are already marked as not recommended in the "TLS Cipher Suites" registry.

5. IANA Considerations

This document requests IANA to mark the cipher suites from the "TLS Cipher Suites" registry listed in Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C, Appendix D, and the certificate types from the "TLS ClientCertificateType Identifiers" registry listed in Appendix E as "D" in the "Recommended" column, see [I-D.ietf-tls-rfc8447bis].

For each registry entry in Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C, Appendix D, and Appendix E, IANA is also requested to update the registry entry's Reference column to refer to this document.

6. Security Considerations

Non-ephemeral finite field DH cipher suites (TLS_DH_*), as well as ephemeral key reuse for finite field DH cipher suites, are prohibited due to the [Raccoon] attack. Both are already considered bad practice since they do not provide forward secrecy. However, Raccoon revealed that timing side channels in processing TLS premaster secrets may be exploited to reveal the encrypted premaster secret.

As for non-ephemeral elliptic curve DH cipher suites (TLS_ECDH_*), forgoing forward secrecy not only allows retroactive decryption in the event of key compromise but may also enable a broad category of attacks where the attacker exploits key reuse to repeatedly query a cryptographic secret.

This category includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following examples:

1. Invalid curve attacks, where the attacker exploits key reuse to repeatedly query and eventually learn the key itself. These attacks have been shown to be practical against real-world TLS implementations [ICA].
2. Side channel attacks, where the attacker exploits key reuse and an additional side channel to learn a cryptographic secret. As one example of such attacks, refer to [MAY4].
3. Fault attacks, where the attacker exploits key reuse and incorrect calculations to learn a cryptographic secret. As one example of such attacks, see [PARIS256].

Such attacks are often implementation-dependent, including the above examples. However, these examples demonstrate that building a system that reuses keys and avoids this category of attacks is difficult in practice. In contrast, avoiding key reuse not only prevents decryption in the event of key compromise, but also precludes this category of attacks altogether. Therefore, this document discourages the reuse of elliptic curve DH public keys.

As for ephemeral finite field Diffie-Hellman in (D)TLS 1.2 (TLS_DHE_* and TLS_PSK_DHE_*), as explained above, clients have no practical way to support these cipher suites while ensuring they only negotiate security parameters that are acceptable to them. In (D)TLS 1.2, the server chooses the Diffie-Hellman group, and custom groups are prevalent. Therefore, once the client includes these cipher suites in its handshake and the server presents a custom group, the client cannot complete the handshake while ensuring security. Verifying the group structure is prohibitively expensive for the client. Using a safelist of known-good groups is also impractical, since server operators were encouraged to generate their own custom group. Further, there is no mechanism for the handshake to fall back to other parameters, that are acceptable to both the client and server.

7. Acknowledgments

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Appendix A. DH Cipher Suites Deprecated by This Document

Ciphersuite	Reference
TLS_DH_DSS_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469]
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469]
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5	[RFC4346][RFC6347]
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5	[RFC5246][RFC6347]
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469]
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]

TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+-----+		

Table 1

Appendix B. ECDH Cipher Suites Whose Use Is Discouraged by This Document

Ciphersuite	Reference
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC8422][RFC6347]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC8422][RFC6347]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_anon_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC8422][RFC6347]
TLS_ECDH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC8422]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5289]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC5289]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5289]
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC5289]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5289]
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5289]

TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5289]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5289]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+

Table 2

Appendix C. DHE Cipher Suites deprecated by This Document

+=====+	+=====+	+=====+
Ciphersuite	Reference	
+=====+	+=====+	+=====+
TLS_DHE_DSS_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469] [RFC8996]	
+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+	+-----+-----+

TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469] [RFC8996]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC4785]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC4279][RFC6347]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		

TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CCM	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256	[RFC7905]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256	[RFC7905]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_PSK_DHE_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		
TLS_PSK_DHE_WITH_AES_256_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
+-----+-----+		

Table 3

Appendix D. RSA Cipher Suites Deprecated by This Document

Ciphersuite	Reference
TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_MD5	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5	[RFC4346][RFC6347]
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5	[RFC5246][RFC6347]
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC5246][RFC6347]
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5	[RFC4346]
TLS_RSA_WITH_IDEA_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469] [RFC8996]
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA	[RFC4346]
TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA	[RFC5469] [RFC8996]
TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA	[RFC4785]
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA256	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5246]
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC5932]
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	[RFC4279][RFC6347]
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	[RFC4279]

TLS_RSA_WITH_SEED_CBC_SHA	[RFC4162]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5288]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5288]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384	[RFC5487]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA256	[RFC5932]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_ARIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_ARIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_ARIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_ARIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6209]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_GCM_SHA256	[RFC6367]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_GCM_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	[RFC6367]	

TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	[RFC6367]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM	[RFC6655]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM	[RFC6655]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM_8	[RFC6655]	
TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256	[RFC7905]	

Table 4

Appendix E. TLS ClientCertificateType Identifiers Deprecated by This Document

Certificate Type	Reference	
rsa_fixed_dh (3)	[RFC5246]	
dss_fixed_dh (4)	[RFC5246]	
rsa_fixed_ecdh (65)	[RFC8422]	
ecdsa_fixed_ecdh (66)	[RFC8422]	

Table 5

Appendix F. Updating RFC 9325

This document updates [RFC9325] with respect to the use of (D)TLS 1.2, and the table below lists the exact changes. For RFC 9325, Sec. 4.1 is the source of all details listed.

```
// Note to RFC Editor: please replace XXX below by the current RFC
// number.
```

	RFC 9325	RFC XXX
Non-ephemeral FFDH	SHOULD NOT	MUST NOT
Non-ephemeral ECDH	SHOULD NOT	No change
Fixed DH certificate types	Unspecified	SHOULD NOT
Ephemeral FFDH	SHOULD NOT	MUST NOT
Static RSA	SHOULD NOT	MUST NOT

Table 6

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