

RADEXT Working Group  
Internet-Draft  
Intended status: Informational  
Expires: 29 August 2026

M. Grayson  
Cisco Systems  
J. Redmore  
CableLabs  
25 February 2026

A syntax for the RADIUS Connect-Info attribute used in Wi-Fi networks  
draft-grayson-connectinfo-07

## Abstract

This document describes a syntax for the Connect-Info attribute used with the RADIUS protocol, enabling RADIUS clients to provide RADIUS servers information pertaining to a user's connection with an IEEE 802.11 wireless network.

## Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet-Drafts is at <https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/>.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

This Internet-Draft will expire on 29 August 2026.

## Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2026 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Revised BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Revised BSD License.

## Table of Contents

1. Introduction . . . . .	2
1.1. Requirements Language . . . . .	4
1.2. Terminology . . . . .	4
2. Types of Connect-Info Metrics . . . . .	4
3. ABNF syntax for Connect-Info . . . . .	5
4. Encoding Recommendations . . . . .	8
4.1. Access-Request . . . . .	8
4.2. Accounting-Request . . . . .	9
5. Implementations . . . . .	9
6. Security Considerations . . . . .	10
7. IANA Considerations . . . . .	10
8. References . . . . .	10
8.1. Normative References . . . . .	10
8.2. Informative References . . . . .	10
Changelog . . . . .	11
Acknowledgements . . . . .	11
Contributors . . . . .	11
Authors' Addresses . . . . .	12

## 1. Introduction

The Connect-Info attribute is defined in [RFC2869] to enable a Network Access Server (NAS) to indicate to a RADIUS server "the nature of the user's connection". [RFC2869] includes the recommendation that:

The connection speed SHOULD be included at the beginning of the first Connect-Info attribute in the packet. If the transmit and receive connection speeds differ, they MAY both be included in the first attribute with the transmit speed first (the speed the NAS modem transmits at), a slash (/), the receive speed, then optionally other information.

The Connect-Info attribute can be sent in both Access-Request and Accounting-Request messages, as shown in Figure 1.

+-----+						
Attribute	Request	Accept	Reject	Challenge	Acct-Req	
+-----+						
Connect-	0-1	0	0	0	0+	
Info (77)						
+-----+						

Figure 1: RFC2869 defined occurrence rules for Connect-Info attribute

Many NAS implementations have implemented the Connect-Info attribute. Wi-Fi vendors supporting the Connect-Info attribute start the text field with "CONNECT" that is followed by a floating point value representing the maximum connection speed in Mbps. Implementations follow this with text information about the IEEE 802.11 amendment supported, as illustrated in Figure 2.

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 11.00 Mbps 802.11b"
```

Figure 2: Example #1 Wi-Fi Connect-Info attribute

Other implementations have extended this baseline to signal additional information to the RADIUS server using a slash (/) delimiter, as illustrated in Figure 3.

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 54.00 Mbps / 802.11n / RSSI: 53 / Channel: 1"
```

Figure 3: Example #2 Wi-Fi Connect-Info attribute

There are use-cases that benefit from being able to share Wi-Fi network connection metrics between a NAS and a server, including where the NAS is operated by a Wi-Fi Access Network Provider (ANP) and the server is operated by an Identity Provider (IDP). Reception of the Connect-Info attribute by a RADIUS server is intended to be used to assist the IDP in making authorization decisions.

The rest of this document describes a syntax for the Connect-Info attribute that is simultaneously able to support existing vendor implementations as illustrated in Figure 2 and Figure 3, while being enhanced with additional optional information to support new use-cases and requirements.

The techniques by which a server uses the information encoded in the Connect-Info attribute to assist in making authorization decisions are not defined in this document. Some servers MAY define the use a threshold for one or more parameters received in an access-request, other systems MAY use historical Connect-Info records from previously authenticated sessions, including those in the accounting-request messages received from the same NAS, still other systems MAY decide to algorithmically combine the parameters into a new metric used when making authorization decisions.

The examples in Figure 2 and Figure 3 together with the recommendation in [RFC2869] are representations of complex data types, as described in section 3.2.3 of [RFC6158]. Whereas section 3.2.4 of [RFC6158] discourages the use complex data types where viable alternatives are available, it is argued that the present document does not introduce a new complex data type, rather extends the syntax widely used in existing implementations of the Connect-Info attribute that currently encode a complex data type.

### 1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

### 1.2. Terminology

Access Network Provider (ANP):

A Wi-Fi operator that has configured its Wi-Fi equipment to support inbound roaming of users.

Identity Provider (IDP):

An entity that authenticates end-user Wi-Fi devices onto ANP networks.

Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI):

A measurement of the power level that is received by an antenna from a wireless device.

## 2. Types of Connect-Info Metrics

The access network characteristics that can be shared between NAS and AAA include those that can be used to derive a quality metric of the performance of a Wi-Fi network. These include characteristics associated with the IEEE 802.11 connection:

- \* transmit and receive bit rates,
- \* received signal strength indicator (RSSI),
- \* frame loss rate, and
- \* frame retry rate.

While not uniquely associated with the IEEE 802.11 connection, Section 1 describes legacy implementations which include generic parameters concerning the configuration of the Wi-Fi network in the Connect-Info attribute. These legacy parameters include:

- \* the Wi-Fi amendment [IEEE80211],
- \* the Wi-Fi channel number, and
- \* the maximum Wi-Fi transmit rate.

### 3. ABNF syntax for Connect-Info

The Augmented Backus-Naur form (ABNF) is a syntax for specifications defined in [RFC5234]. The proposed ABNF syntax for the text of the Connect-Info attribute used with Wi-Fi networks is shown below. This syntax is intended to encompass current vendor implementations while supporting optional enhancements to support sharing of new parameters.

```

;-----
; Connect-Info RADIUS Attribute #77 Syntax for Wi-Fi networks
;-----

connect-info-77    =  "CONNECT" [legacyAttributes]
                    *( DELIMITER keyValueAttribute )
                    [ DELIMITER legacyChannelNum ]
                    *( DELIMITER keyValueAttribute )

;-----
; Legacy attributes not linked to a specific connection
;-----

legacyAttributes   =  1*SP MAXSPEED " Mbps" DELIMITER WIFIAMENDMENT
                    ; indication of max achievable data rate together with
                    ; Wi-Fi 802.11 amendment information

legacyChannelNum   =  "Channel:" *SP CHANNUM
                    ; The 802.11 channel number
                    ; Note - with the introduction of Wi-Fi operation in
                    ; 6 GHz, the Channel Number no longer uniquely identifies
                    ; the band of operation

;-----
; keyValueAttributes - attributes linked to a specific connection;
;-----

keyValueAttribute  =  "RSSI:" *SP SS [ "(" AGGR ")" ]
```

```

; The value of Station RSSI in dBm and optionally the
; aggregation technique use for reporting multiple values

keyValueAttribute =/ "TxBitRate:" *SP RATE [(" AGGR ")]
; The AP to device transmission rate in Mbps and
; optionally the aggregation technique use for
; reporting multiple values

keyValueAttribute =/ "RxBitRate:" *SP RATE [(" AGGR ")]
; The device to AP transmission rate in Mbps and
; optionally the aggregation technique use for
; reporting multiple values

keyValueAttribute =/ "FrameLoss:" *SP PCT [(" AGGR ")]
; The AP to device 802.11 frame loss rate experienced,
; encoded as an integer percentage and optionally the
; aggregation technique use for reporting multiple values

keyValueAttribute =/ "FrameRetry:" *SP PCT [(" AGGR ")]
; The AP to device 802.11 frame retry rate experienced,
; encoded as an integer percentage and optionally the
; aggregation technique use for reporting multiple values

;-----
; keyValueAttributes - extensibility syntax.
;
; This syntax enables the syntax to be extended in the future.
;-----

keyValueAttribute =/ 1*NO-DELIM-COLON ":" *SP 1*NO-DELIM-COLON
; Syntax permitting extensibility

;-----
; Definitions for legacy attributes
;-----

MAXSPEED          = (DIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / (NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT) /
                    (NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT DIGIT) /
                    (NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT DIGIT DIGIT)) "." DIGIT DIGIT
; Maximum AP to Device speed in Mbps, (0.00 - 99999.99),
; calculated as:
; SC * MD * CR * SS / (SYM + GD)
; where:
; SC = Number of Data Sub-Carriers
; CR = Coding Rate, e.g., 0.5 (BPSK),
;     0.75 (256QAM)
; MD = Modulation rate (1-8),
;     where 2^MD = num mod'n states

```

```

; SS = number of spatial streams
; SYM = symbol interval (micro-seconds)
; GD = guard interval (micro-seconds)

WIFIAMENDMENT = "802.11" AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT = "b" / "g" / "a" / "n" / "ac" / "ax" / "be"
; the original 802.11 amendment

CHANNUM = NZDIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / ("1" DIGIT DIGIT) /
("2" U4DIGIT DIGIT)
; Encoding for Channel Numbers (1 - 249)

;-----
; Definitions for connection orientated attributes
;-----

SS = ["-"](DIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / ("1" DIGIT DIGIT))
; Value of Received Signal Strength when expressed in dBm
; To accommodate different legacy implementations, both 41
; and -41 represent -41 dBm

RATE = (DIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / (NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT) /
(NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT DIGIT)) ["." DIGIT]
; A transmit or receive rate in Mbps

PCT = DIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / "100"
; Percentage (0 - 100)

AGGR = ALGO SP WINDOW

ALGO = "MIN" / "MAX" / ("AVG" ["-" VARIANT] ) / "ACC"
; The algorithm used for combining multiple values:
; MIN = minimum value over window
; MAX = maximum value over window
; AVG = average value over window
; ACC = accumulated ratio over window, corresponding to
; ( num[N] - num[1] ) / ( denom[N] - denom[1] )
; and where ACC only applies to loss and retry rates

VARIANT = "LIN" / "EXP"
; LIN = linear (arithmetic) calculation
; EXP = exponential weighted calculation

WINDOW = (DIGIT / (NZDIGIT DIGIT) / (NZDIGIT DIGIT DIGIT))
TIMEUNIT
; The time window over which the aggregation algorithm
; operates, measured in units of TIMEUNIT

```

```

TIMEUNIT          = "S" / "M"
                  ; S = units of seconds, M = units of minutes

DELIMITER         = SLASH / 1*SP
                  ; existing vendor delimiters

NO-DELIM-COLON    = %x21-2e / %x30-39 / %x3b-7e
                  ; any characters excluding delimiters - space (0x20) and
                  ; slash (0x2f) - as well as colon (0x3a)

SP                = %x20
SLASH             = *SP %x2F *SP

DIGIT             = %x30-39 ; 0-9
NZDIGIT           = %x31-39 ; 1-9
U4DIGIT           = %x30-34 ; 0-4 (up to 4)

```

Figure 4: ABNF definition for encoding of Connect-Info text field

#### 4. Encoding Recommendations

The Connect-Info attribute value is limited to 253 bytes. Example encodings using the ABNF definition are illustrated in Figure 5 and Figure 6, indicating that the metrics can be signaled while keeping the attribute size below 253 bytes.

##### 4.1. Access-Request

The inclusion of the above parameters in a Connect-Info attribute signalled in a RADIUS Access-Request message is restricted by the number of IEEE 802.11 frames over which the calculation are based. In such cases, the transmit bit rates, receive bit rates and RSSI level MAY correspond to the instantaneous value of the specific parameter.

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 54.00 Mbps / 802.11n / Channel: 1 / RSSI: 53"
```

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 400.00 Mbps 802.11ac Channel:44 RSSI:50"
```

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT RSSI:56 TxBitRate:150.0 RxBitRate:150.0"
```

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 400.00 Mbps 802.11ac RSSI:56 TxBitRate:150.0
                RxBitRate:150.0"
```

Figure 5: Example encodings of Connect-Info attribute in RADIUS Access-Request message



## 4.2. Accounting-Request

The inclusion of the Connect-Info attribute signalled in a RADIUS Accounting-Request with Acct-Status-Type set to Start, is restricted by the number of IEEE 802.11 frames over which the calculation are based. In such cases, the transmit bit rates, receive bit rates and RSSI level MAY correspond to the instantaneous value of the specific parameter. In other cases where the Connect-Info attribute is signalled in RADIUS Accounting-Request messages with Acct-Status-Type set to Interim-Update or Stop, the NAS SHOULD use multiple measurements when calculating the reported value:

- \* the reported transmit and receive bit rates SHOULD represent the maximum values experienced since the last time the connect-info was signalled, i.e. the "ALGO" term SHOULD be set to "MAX".
- \* the received signal strength indicator (RSSI) SHOULD represent the average RSSI value, where the average value calculated MAY be either a linear average or an exponential weighted average, i.e. the "ALGO" term SHOULD be set to "AVG".
- \* frame loss rate and frame retry rate SHOULD represent the accumulated ratio, i.e. the "ALGO" term SHOULD be set to "ACC".

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT RSSI:56(AVG-LIN 10M) TxBitRate:150.0(MAX 10M)
                RxBitRate:150.0(MAX 10M)"
```

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT 400.00 Mbps 802.11ac RSSI:56(AVG-LIN 600S)
                TxBitRate:150.0(MAX 600S) RxBitRate:150.0(MAX 600S)
                FrameLoss:3(ACC 60S) FrameRetry:6(ACC 60S)"
```

```
Connect-Info = "CONNECT TxBitRate:150.0(MAX 30S)
                RxBitRate:120.5(MAX 30S) RSSI:-65(AVG-LIN 30S)
                FrameLoss:2(ACC 30S) FrameRetry:4(ACC 30S)"
```

Figure 6: Example encodings of Connect-Info attribute in RADIUS Accounting- Request message

## 5. Implementations

In July 2024, a proof of concept was built using modified hostapd code (<https://wl.fi/>) that is able to populate the connect-info attributes according to the syntax defined above. In December 2024, Helium Network ([www.helium.com](http://www.helium.com)) upgraded their deployment of 17,000 OpenWi-Fi/OpenWRT Wi-Fi Access points to support the enhanced connect-info attribute.

## 6. Security Considerations

This document describes a syntax that enables a RADIUS client to provide a RADIUS server information pertaining to the operation of an IEEE 802.11 wireless network. The terms agreed between the operator of the RADIUS client and the operator of the RADIUS server SHOULD include restrictions on the use of such non-personal information by the operator of the RADIUS server, for example limiting the use of such information to making RADIUS server authorization decisions and prohibiting a RADIUS server from disclosing information signalled in the Connect-Info attribute to any third-party.

## 7. IANA Considerations

This document has no IANA Actions.

## 8. References

### 8.1. Normative References

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8174>>.

### 8.2. Informative References

- [IEEE80211] IEEE, "Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications", n.d., <<https://standards.ieee.org/ieee/802.11/5536/>>.
- [RFC2869] Rigney, C., Willats, W., and P. Calhoun, "RADIUS Extensions", RFC 2869, DOI 10.17487/RFC2869, June 2000, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2869>>.
- [RFC5234] Crocker, D., Ed. and P. Overell, "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", STD 68, RFC 5234, DOI 10.17487/RFC5234, January 2008, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5234>>.
- [RFC6158] DeKok, A., Ed. and G. Weber, "RADIUS Design Guidelines", BCP 158, RFC 6158, DOI 10.17487/RFC6158, March 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6158>>.

## Changelog

- \* 01 - Added extensibility to ABNF and corrected syntax. Added security considerations section. Added note on TxBitRate/RxBitRate when included in Accounting-Request type Stop.
- \* 02 - Corrected ABNF syntax definition of RATE.
- \* 03 - Following RADEXT recommendation, switched to independent submission. Updated ABNF to ease parsing of key/value pairs.
- \* 04 - Updated ABNF i) switching from band to global operating class, ii) added Wi-Fi Alliance generational name support as an alternative to 802.11 amendment designator, iii) permit legacy absolute and signed representations of signal strength, and iv) added WAN-RTT attribute
- \* 05 - Following RADEXT recommendation, switched back to IETF submission. Added clarifications that information is shared to enable a RADIUS server to make improved authorization decisions. Added text about aligning with legacy implementations that do not adhere to RFC6158.
- \* 06 - Following RADEXT feedback at IETF 124, removed non-connection orientated key-value pairs from the syntax definition.
- \* 07 - Updated the ABNF following feedback from Iegor Sergieienkov.

## Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank all the members of the WBA's Access Network Metrics project team, as well as Iegor Sergieienkov, who have helped review and refine the Connect-Info syntax.

## Contributors

Sri Gundavelli  
Cisco Systems  
170 West Tasman Drive  
San Jose, 95134  
United States of America  
Email: sgundave@cisco.com

Bruno Tomas  
Wireless Broadband Alliance  
5000 Executive Parkway, Suite 302  
San Ramon, 94583  
United States of America  
Email: bruno@wballiance.com

Michael Sym  
Single Digits  
4 Bedford Farms Drive, Suite 210  
Bedford, 1608  
United States of America  
Email: msym@singledigits.com

Blair Bullock  
Boldyn Networks  
Pleasanton,  
United States of America  
Email: blair.bullock@boldyn.com

Joey Padden  
Helium  
Boulder,  
United States of America  
Email: jpadden@helium.com

#### Authors' Addresses

Mark Grayson  
Cisco Systems  
10 New Square Park  
Feltham  
TW14 8HA  
United Kingdom  
Email: mgrayson@cisco.com

Joshua Redmore  
CableLabs  
858 Coal Creek Cr.  
Louisville, 80027  
United States of America  
Email: j.redmore@cablelabs.com