

opsawg
Internet-Draft
Intended status: Standards Track
Expires: 15 October 2026

Q. Cao
M. Huang
Zhongguancun Laboratory
B. Claise
Everything OPS
T. Zhou
Huawei
13 April 2026

Export of Source Address Validation (SAV) Information in IPFIX
draft-cao-opsawg-ipfix-sav-02

Abstract

This document specifies the IP Flow Information Export Information Elements to export the context and outcome of Source Address Validation enforcement data. These SAV-specific Information Elements provide detailed insight into why packets are identified as spoofed by capturing the specific SAV rules that triggered validation decisions. This operational visibility is essential for network operators to observe SAV enforcement behavior and analyze source address spoofing events detected by SAV.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet-Drafts is at <https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/>.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

This Internet-Draft will expire on 15 October 2026.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2026 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Revised BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Revised BSD License.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
2. Terminology	3
3. SAV Overview and IPFIX Export Requirements	4
4. IPFIX SAV Information Elements	5
4.1. Design Rationale	5
4.2. savRuleType (unsigned8)	6
4.3. savTargetType (unsigned8)	6
4.4. savMatchedContentList (subTemplateList)	6
4.5. savPolicyAction (unsigned8)	7
5. Use Cases	7
6. Operational Considerations	8
7. Open Issues	8
8. Security Considerations	9
9. IANA Considerations	9
9.1. savRuleType	10
9.2. savTargetType	10
9.3. savMatchedContentList	10
9.4. savPolicyAction	11
9.5. IPFIX savRuleType (TBD1) Subregistry	11
9.6. IPFIX savTargetType (TBD2) Subregistry	12
9.7. IPFIX savPolicyAction (TBD4) Subregistry	12
10. References	12
10.1. Normative References	13
10.2. Informative References	13
Appendix A. IPFIX Encoding Examples	14
A.1. Template Record and Data Record with Sub-Template List	14
A.1.1. Sub-Template Definitions	15
A.1.2. Main Template Record	17
A.1.3. Data Set Example	18
Authors' Addresses	20

1. Introduction

Source Address Validation (SAV) serves as a fundamental defense mechanism against IP source address spoofing. Despite its critical role in network security, current SAV implementations lack operational visibility, making it difficult to answer essential operational questions:

- * How many packets are identified as spoofed and dropped by SAV?
- * Which interfaces receive spoofed packets and which source prefixes are targeted?
- * Which specific SAV rules trigger the enforcement actions?
- * Are SAV rules functioning as intended or potentially misconfigured?

This document introduces a set of SAV-specific IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX) Information Elements (IEs) that enable detailed reporting of Source Address Validation enforcement actions. These elements align with the SAV concepts and operational models defined in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], and provide traffic observations that can be operationally correlated with the SAV configuration and state information available via the YANG data model [I-D.li-savnet-sav-yang].

2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 RFC2119 [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

This document makes use of the terms defined in [RFC7011], and [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities].

The following terms are used as defined in [RFC7011]:

- * IPFIX
- * IPFIX Information Elements
- * Template
- * Template Record

- * Data Record
- * Data Set
- * Exporter
- * Collector

The following terms are used as defined in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities]

- * SAV rule
- * Validation mode

3. SAV Overview and IPFIX Export Requirements

This section outlines the operational requirements for SAV telemetry export using IPFIX, based on the generalized SAV architectural framework defined in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities].

The SAV framework establishes four canonical validation modes that model validation policies:

- * *Interface-based prefix allowlist (Mode 1):* Validates that a source prefix is explicitly permitted on the incoming interface.
- * *Interface-based prefix blocklist (Mode 2):* Validates that a source prefix is not explicitly blocked on the incoming interface.
- * *Prefix-based interface allowlist (Mode 3):* Validates that a packet is received on an interface explicitly permitted for its source prefix.
- * *Prefix-based interface blocklist (Mode 4):* Validates that a packet is not received on an interface explicitly blocked for its source prefix.

These modes can be applied independently or in combination on a router, following a defined validation procedure (Section 2 of [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities]). Furthermore, when identifying a packet as spoofed, a range of traffic handling policies (e.g. discard, rate-limit, redirect) can be applied.

However, the generalized SAV model requires corresponding operational visibility capabilities. Without integrated telemetry, operators face significant challenges in:

- * **Enforcement Visibility:** Observing SAV enforcement actions and identifying which rules were triggered.
- * **Operational Analysis:** Understanding the context of SAV decisions and troubleshooting unexpected enforcement behavior.
- * **Threat Intelligence:** Analyzing traffic patterns identified as spoofed by SAV.

To address these limitations, IPFIX [RFC7011] and [RFC7012] provides a vendor-neutral protocol for SAV telemetry. The exported data must provide insight into:

- * The validation outcome and specific reason for the decision
- * The identity and type of SAV rule or rule set that influenced the decision
- * The configured rule content that was evaluated during validation
- * The enforcement action applied to spoofed packets

The following section defines the IPFIX IEs that meet these requirements.

4. IPFIX SAV Information Elements

This section defines the IEs used for SAV telemetry. These IEs have been specified in accordance with the guidelines in [RFC7013].

4.1. Design Rationale

The SAV IPFIX IEs are designed to provide detailed visibility into SAV enforcement actions, enabling network operators and automation systems to monitor and troubleshoot SAV operations effectively. The design follows these principles:

- * ***Scope*.** The SAV-specific IEs are used to report the outcome and context of SAV processing for data plane traffic observations. Interface, device or network-level SAV configuration is out of scope for these IEs and is covered by the SAVNET YANG data model.
- * ***Conceptual Alignment*.** The elements align with the validation modes and rule types defined in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], ensuring consistency with the architectural SAV concepts.

- * ***Semantic Correlation***. The IPFIX encoding preserves the semantic relationships defined in [I-D.li-savnet-sav-yang], which enables correlation between IPFIX Data Record in data-plane and YANG configuration/state data in control-plane comprehensive analysis.
- * ***Structured Encoding***. The `savMatchedContentList` is encoded as a `subTemplateList` to represent the multi-field tuples of SAV rules. The structure of `subTemplateList` was chosen because it can encapsulate heterogeneous fields (e.g., prefix, length, interface) within a single list element. The list semantics (`allOf`, `exactlyOneOf`) directly encode the SAV validation logic (e.g., matching all rules in an allowlist vs. exactly one in a blocklist) into the data structure.

4.2. `savRuleType` (unsigned8)

The `savRuleType` element classifies the rule as either an allowlist or a blocklist. The values correspond to the check type concepts in the SAV architecture:

- * A value of 0 (allowlist) indicates the packet was validated against an allowlist.
- * A value of 1 (blocklist) indicates the packet was validated against a blocklist.

4.3. `savTargetType` (unsigned8)

The `savTargetType` element specifies the lookup key used by the SAV rule. It may be used in conjunction with `savRuleType` to fully define the validation mode applied.

- * A value of 0 (interface-based) indicates the rule is indexed by an interface (e.g., "on interface X, what prefixes are allowed/blocked?").
- * A value of 1 (prefix-based) indicates the rule is indexed by a source prefix (e.g., "for prefix Y, which interfaces are allowed/blocked?").

4.4. `savMatchedContentList` (subTemplateList)

The `savMatchedContentList` element carries the content of the rules that were relevant to the validation decision, encoded as a `subTemplateList` according to [RFC6313]. Each element in the list represents a complete SAV rule tuple. The content and semantics of the list are defined by the `savRuleType`:

- * *For Allowlist non-matches (savRuleType=0)*: The savMatchedContentList consists of the set of all rule tuples from the consulted SAV allowlist at the time of the packet's processing. The subTemplateList semantic SHOULD be allOf (0x03), indicating that the packet was validated against all these rules and did not match any of them.
- * *For Blocklist matches (savRuleType=1)*: The savMatchedContentList contains the first rule tuple that matched the packet from the SAV blocklist. The subTemplateList semantic SHOULD be exactlyOneOf (0x01), indicating that the packet matched this specific rule.

Semantic Interpretation of Standard Information Elements: When standard IPFIX IEs (such as ingressInterface, sourceIPv4Prefix, sourceIPv4PrefixLength or their IPv6 equivalents) are used within the subTemplateList of savMatchedContentList, they represent values from the SAV rule configuration, rather than from the actual packet being validated. This contextual distinction is critical for correct interpretation:

- * *In the parent Data Record*: These IEs describe attributes of the actual spoofed packets that were validated by SAV.
- * *Within savMatchedContentList*: These same IEs describe the configured SAV rule parameters that were evaluated during validation.

This approach ensures clear semantic distinction by reusing existing IEs, without requiring definition of new elements for SAV rule parameters.

4.5. savPolicyAction (unsigned8)

The savPolicyAction indicates the action applied to packets identified as spoofed. The action taken is a matter of local policy. This element reports the outcome.

5. Use Cases

The SAV-specific IPFIX IEs defined in this document enable network operators to answer critical operational questions that are currently unaddressable without telemetry for SAV:

SAV Enforcement Monitoring: Use savRuleType (TBD1), savTargetType (TBD2), savPolicyAction (TBD4) and standard IPFIX counters, to quantify SAV enforcement actions, analyze their distribution across different validation modes, and identify applied SAV enforcement actions (discard, rate-limit, redirect) at the data plane level.

This complements control-plane monitoring via YANG models, providing visibility into actual enforcement behavior rather than configured rules.

Rule-Level Attribution and Troubleshooting:

Uses `savMatchedContentList` (TBD3) to determine the specific SAV rule configuration that triggered enforcement decisions, including the exact rule parameters (interfaces, prefixes) evaluated during validation, whether for allowlist failures or blocklist matches.

Forensic Analysis and Compliance: SAV Data Records include both SAV-specific Information Elements and traditional packet-level details (source/destination addresses, ports, protocol), providing complete information for incident investigation and compliance reporting. Operators can use these records to investigate the source and nature of spoofing attacks, and gather evidence to support external trust initiatives and regulatory compliance reporting.

6. Operational Considerations

While this document defines new IPFIX IEs using standard IPFIX mechanisms, implementors should consider:

- * ***Exporter Implementation:*** Exporters MUST properly encode the `subTemplateList` structure for `savMatchedContentList` and ensure semantic consistency between `savRuleType` and list contents. Exporters MUST also define the sub-templates (e.g., 901-904) used in `savMatchedContentList` prior to exporting Data Records that use them.
- * ***Collector Processing:*** Collectors MUST be capable of parsing `subTemplateList` structure and understanding the context-dependent semantics of standard IEs within `savMatchedContentList`. Collectors MUST associate the sub-templates with the main template for correct interpretation.

7. Open Issues

The mappings between the SAV YANG data model and IPFIX IEs are considered based on the common foundation of the general SAV capabilities document [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities]. The operational correlation is demonstrated in Table 1, which defines the values for the designed IEs mapped from the corresponding [I-D.li-savnet-sav-yang] SAV Management YANG Module.

YANG Elements	IPFIX IEs
sav-check-type	savRuleType
sav:sav-allow-list	0 (allowlist)
sav:sav-block-list	1 (blocklist)
sav-mode	savTargetType
sav:sav-im	0 (interface-based)
sav:sav-cm	1 (prefix-based)
SAV Rules attributes	savMatchedContentList
source-prefix	sourceIPv4Prefix/sourceIPv6Prefix
incoming-interface	ingressInterface

Table 1: Mappings between SAV YANG Data Model and IPFIX Information Elements

The savPolicyAction element carries real-time SAV decisions applied to spoofed packets. It does not directly map to YANG configuration node.

The code points for these IEs are maintained by IANA in the corresponding subregistries of the IPFIX registry. Future additions or changes are managed via Expert Review as described in IANA Considerations (Section 9).

8. Security Considerations

There are no additional security considerations regarding allocation of these new IPFIX IEs compared to [RFC7012]. Other security considerations described in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities] apply to this document.

9. IANA Considerations

This document requests IANA to create four new IEs under the "IPFIX Information Elements" registry [RFC7012] available at [IANA-IPFIX].

Element ID	Name
TBD1	savRuleType
TBD2	savTargetType
TBD3	savMatchedContentList
TBD4	savPolicyAction

9.1. savRuleType

- * *ElementID*: TBD1
- * *Name*: savRuleType
- * *Abstract Data Type*: unsigned8
- * *Data Type Semantics*: identifier
- * *Description*: Identifies the validation rule type triggered during SAV enforcement.
- * *Reference*: This document, savRuleType (Section 4.2)

9.2. savTargetType

- * *ElementID*: TBD2
- * *Name*: savTargetType
- * *Abstract Data Type*: unsigned8
- * *Data Type Semantics*: identifier
- * *Description*: Specifies the entity type against which validation was performed.
- * *Reference*: This document, savTargetType (Section 4.3)

9.3. savMatchedContentList

- * *ElementID*: TBD3
- * *Name*: savMatchedContentList
- * *Abstract Data Type*: subTemplateList
- * *Data Type Semantics*: list
- * *Description*: The content of the SAV rules relevant to the validation decision.
- * *Reference*: This document, savMatchedContentList (Section 4.4)

9.4. savPolicyAction

- * *ElementID*: TBD4
- * *Name*: savPolicyAction
- * *Abstract Data Type*: unsigned8
- * *Data Type Semantics*: identifier
- * *Description*: Action applied to packets identified as spoofed.
- * *Reference*: This document, savPolicyAction (Section 4.5)

Additionally, IANA is requested to create new subregistries under the IPFIX IEs registries. The subregistries contain values for the savRuleType, savTargetType and savPolicyAction IEs. The allocation policy is Expert Review [RFC8126]. Experts should consult the SAVNET architecture [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities] to ensure new values are consistent with SAV validation concepts and operational models.

9.5. IPFIX savRuleType (TBD1) Subregistry

- * *Reference*: This document, savRuleType (Section 4.2); [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], Section 2 (Validation Modes)
- * *Allocation Policy*: Expert Review [RFC8126]
- * *Expert Guidance*: Experts should ensure that new values are consistent with the SAV architecture concepts defined in [I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], particularly the validation modes and rule types (allowlist or blocklist).

Initial values:

Value	Name	Description
0	allowlist	The packet was validated against an allowlist
1	blocklist	The packet was validated against an blocklist
2-255	unassigned	Reserved for future assignment

9.6. IPFIX savTargetType (TBD2) Subregistry

- * ***Reference***: This document, savRuleType (Section 4.3);
[I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], Section 2 (Validation Modes)
- * ***Allocation Policy***: Expert Review [RFC8126]
- * ***Expert Guidance***: Experts should consult
[I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities] to ensure new values align with the defined target types (interface-based or prefix-based).

Initial values:

Value	Name	Description
0	interface-based	The rule is indexed by an interface
1	prefix-based	The rule is indexed by a prefix
2-255	unassigned	Reserved for future assignment

9.7. IPFIX savPolicyAction (TBD4) Subregistry

- * ***Reference***: This document, savRuleType (Section 4.5);
[I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities], Section 4 (Traffic Handling Policies)
- * ***Allocation Policy***: Expert Review [RFC8126]
- * ***Expert Guidance***: Experts should ensure that new actions are consistent with the SAV traffic handling policies defined in
[I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities].

Initial values:

Value	Name	Description
0	permit	The packet was allowed to proceed (monitoring only)
1	discard	Packet was discarded or dropped
2	rate-limit	Traffic was subjected to rate limiting
3	redirect	Packet was redirected to alternative destination
4-255	unassigned	Reserved for future assignment

10. References

10.1. Normative References

- [I-D.li-savnet-sav-yang]
Li, D., Liu, L., Lin, C., Wu, J., Wu, T., and W. Cheng,
"YANG Data Model for Intra-domain and Inter-domain Source
Address Validation (SAVNET)", Work in Progress, Internet-
Draft, draft-li-savnet-sav-yang-08, 13 April 2026,
<<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-li-savnet-sav-yang-08>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC
2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174,
May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>>.
- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate
Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119,
DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC7011] Claise, B., Ed., Trammell, B., Ed., and P. Aitken,
"Specification of the IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)
Protocol for the Exchange of Flow Information", STD 77,
RFC 7011, DOI 10.17487/RFC7011, September 2013,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7011>>.
- [RFC7012] Claise, B., Ed. and B. Trammell, Ed., "Information Model
for IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)", RFC 7012,
DOI 10.17487/RFC7012, September 2013,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7012>>.
- [RFC7013] Trammell, B. and B. Claise, "Guidelines for Authors and
Reviewers of IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)
Information Elements", BCP 184, RFC 7013,
DOI 10.17487/RFC7013, September 2013,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7013>>.
- [RFC6313] Claise, B., Dhandapani, G., Aitken, P., and S. Yates,
"Export of Structured Data in IP Flow Information Export
(IPFIX)", RFC 6313, DOI 10.17487/RFC6313, July 2011,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6313>>.
- [RFC8126] Cotton, M., Leiba, B., and T. Narten, "Guidelines for
Writing an IANA Considerations Section in RFCs", BCP 26,
RFC 8126, DOI 10.17487/RFC8126, June 2017,
<<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8126>>.

10.2. Informative References

[I-D.ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities]
Huang, M., Cheng, W., Li, D., Geng, N., and L. Chen,
"General Source Address Validation Capabilities", Work in
Progress, Internet-Draft, draft-ietf-savnet-general-sav-
capabilities-02, 10 October 2025,
<<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-ietf-savnet-general-sav-capabilities-02>>.

[I-D.ietf-savnet-inter-domain-problem-statement]
Li, D., Qin, L., Liu, L., Huang, M., and K. Sriram, "Gap
Analysis, Problem Statement, and Requirements for Inter-
Domain SAV", Work in Progress, Internet-Draft, draft-ietf-
savnet-inter-domain-problem-statement-16, 7 April 2026,
<<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-ietf-savnet-inter-domain-problem-statement-16>>.

[IANA-IPFIX]
"IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX) Entities", n.d.,
<<https://www.iana.org/assignments/ipfix/ipfix.xhtml>>.

Appendix A. IPFIX Encoding Examples

This appendix provides encoding examples for the SAV-specific IPFIX
IEs defined in this document.

A.1. Template Record and Data Record with Sub-Template List

This example demonstrates the encoding for two observed SAV
enforcement events representing different validation scenarios and
address families as shown in Table 2.

Event	Source Address	Interface	Rule Type	Target Type	Policy Action
1	192.0.2.100	5001	Allowlist	Interface	Rate-limit
2	2001:db8::1	5001	Blocklist	Prefix	Discard

Table 2: Two Observed SAV Validation Events

The first event represents an IPv4 allowlist non-match event where a
packet from source 192.0.2.100 arriving on interface 5001 failed to
match any source prefixes configured in the interface-based
allowlist. The second event represents an IPv6 blocklist match event
where a packet from source 2001:db8::1 was received on interface
5001, which matched a prefix-based blocklist rule.

A.1.1. Sub-Template Definitions

The following sub-templates are defined for use within the savMatchedContentList element to encode different types of SAV rule mappings based on address family and validation target type. The savMatchedContentList element is encoded as a subTemplateList according to [RFC6313].

The template IDs used in these examples are exemplary and chosen arbitrarily. In actual implementations, exporters MUST assign unique template IDs within the IPFIX session for these sub-templates.

* *Sub-Template 901: IPv4 Interface-to-Prefix Mapping*

This sub-template is used when savTargetType=0(interface-based validation mode) for IPv4 traffic. It contains the mapping from an interface to source IPv4 prefixes as defined in the SAV rule configuration. It can be used for both blocklist and allowlist.

0										1										2										3											
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
Set ID = 2										Length = 20																															
Template ID = 901										Field Count = 3																															
ingressInterface = 10										Field Length = 4																															
sourceIPv4Prefix = 44										Field Length = 4																															
sourceIPv4PrefixLength = 9										Field Length = 1																															

* *Sub-Template 902: IPv6 Interface-to-Prefix Mapping* This sub-template is the IPv6 equivalent of Sub-Template 901, used for interface-based validation with IPv6 traffic.

```

      0               1               2               3
    0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|           Set ID = 2           |           Length = 20           |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|           Template ID = 902     |           Field Count = 3       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0|   ingressInterface = 10       |           Field Length = 4       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0|   sourceIPv6Prefix = 170      |           Field Length = 16      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| sourceIPv6PrefixLength = 29   |           Field Length = 1       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

* *Sub-Template 903: IPv4 Prefix-to-Interface Mapping*

This sub-template is used when savTargetType=1(prefix-based validation mode) for IPv4 traffic. It contains the mapping from a source IPv4 prefixes to interface as defined in the SAV rule configuration. It can be used for both blocklist and allowlist.

```

      0               1               2               3
    0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|           Set ID = 2           |           Length = 20           |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|           Template ID = 903     |           Field Count = 3       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0|   sourceIPv4Prefix = 44       |           Field Length = 4       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| sourceIPv4PrefixLength = 9    |           Field Length = 1       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0|   ingressInterface = 10       |           Field Length = 4       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

* *Sub-Template 904: IPv6 Prefix-to-Interface Mapping*

This sub-template is the IPv6 equivalent of Sub-Template 903, used for prefix-based validation with IPv6 traffic.

```

0          1          2          3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          Set ID = 2          |          Length = 20          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          Template ID = 904   |          Field Count = 3      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| sourceIPv6Prefix = 170     |          Field Length = 16  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| sourceIPv6PrefixLength = 29 |          Field Length = 1   |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| ingressInterface = 10      |          Field Length = 4   |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

A.1.2. Main Template Record

The main Template Record (ID 400) contains fields for exporting detailed SAV enforcement information including the validation outcome and the specific rule content that triggered the action. The template incorporates the `savMatchedContentList` element as a variable-length `subTemplateList` to carry the relevant SAV rule contents using the appropriate sub-templates defined above.

```

0          1          2          3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          Set ID = 2          |          Length = 28          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          Template ID = 400   |          Field Count = 5      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| observationTimeMicrosec=324 |          Field Length = 8     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| savRuleType = TBD1         |          Field Length = 1     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| savTargetType = TBD2       |          Field Length = 1     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| savMatchedContentList=TBD3 |          Field Length = 0xFFFF |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|0| savPolicyAction = TBD4     |          Field Length = 1     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

A.1.3. Data Set Example

The following Data Set contains two Data Records that represent the two SAV validation scenarios in Table 2. The `savMatchedContentList` element for the first record encodes the complete set of allowed prefixes using Sub-Template 901 with the `allOf` semantic (0x03). The `allowlist` includes three sav rules. The `savMatchedContentList` element for the second record encodes the specific blocked interface using Sub-Template 904 with the `exactlyOneOf` semantic (0x01), indicating the packet matched this particular rule.

```

0          1          2          3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          Set ID = 400          |          Length = 88          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          observationTimeMicrosec =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          0x5D2F0A0000000000          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| savRuleType=0 | savTargetType=0 |          255          | List Length |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          = 33          | semantic=(allOf) |          Template ID = 901          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          ingressInterface[0] = 5001          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          sourceIPv4Prefix[0] = 198.51.100.0          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| sourceIPv4PrfLen[0]=24 |          ingressInterface[1] =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          5001          |          sourceIPv4Prefix[1] =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 203.0.113.0 | sourceIPv4PrfLen[1]=24 | ingressInterface[2] = |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          5001          |          sourceIPv4Prefix[2] =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          192.10.2.0 | sourceIPv4PrfLen[2]=24 | savPolicyAction=2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          observationTimeMicrosec =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          0x5D2F0A0000000001          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| savRuleType=1 | savTargetType=1 |          255          | List Length |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          = 27          | semantic=exactlyOneOf |          Template ID = 904          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          sourceIPv6Prefix[0]          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| sourceIPv6PrfLen[0]=32 |          ingressInterface[0] =          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          5001          | savPolicyAction=1 |          padding          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

Authors' Addresses

Qian Cao
Zhongguancun Laboratory
Beijing
China
Email: caoqian@zgclab.edu.cn

Mingqing Huang
Zhongguancun Laboratory
Beijing
China
Email: huangmq@mail.zgclab.edu.cn

Benoit Claise
Everything OPS
Belgium
Email: benoit@everything-ops.net

Tianran Zhou
Huawei
Beijing
China
Email: zhoutianran@huawei.com