PKCS #5: Password-Based Key Derivation Function 2 (PBKDF2)
Test Vectors

Abstract

This document contains test vectors for the Public-Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) #5 Password-Based Key Derivation Function 2 (PBKDF2) with the Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-1) pseudorandom function.

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1. Introduction

The Public-Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) #5 [RFC2898] Password-Based Key Derivation Function 2 (PBKDF2) is used by several protocols to derive encryption keys from a password.

For example, Salted Challenge Response Authentication Mechanism (SCRAM) [RFC5802] uses PBKDF2 with Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) [RFC2104] and Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-1) [FIPS.180-1.1995].

Test vectors for the algorithm were not included in the original specification, but are often useful for implementers. This document addresses the shortcoming.

2. PBKDF2 HMAC-SHA1 Test Vectors

The input strings below are encoded using ASCII [ANSI.X3-4.1986]. The sequence "\0" (without quotation marks) means a literal ASCII NULL value (1 octet). "DK" refers to the Derived Key.

Input:
P = "password" (8 octets)
S = "salt" (4 octets)
c = 1
dkLen = 20

Output:
DK = 0c 60 c8 0f 96 1f 0e 71
    f3 a9 b5 24 af 60 12 06
    2f e0 37 a6 (20 octets)
Input:
P = "password" (8 octets)
S = "salt" (4 octets)
c = 2
dklen = 20

Output:
DK = ea 6c 01 4d c7 2d 6f 8c
cd 1e d9 2a ce 1d 41 f0
d8 de 89 57 (20 octets)

Input:
P = "password" (8 octets)
S = "salt" (4 octets)
c = 4096
dklen = 20

Output:
DK = 4b 00 79 01 b7 65 48 9a
be ad 49 d9 26 f7 21 d0
65 a4 29 c1 (20 octets)

Input:
P = "password" (8 octets)
S = "salt" (4 octets)
c = 16777216
dklen = 20

Output:
DK = ee fe 3d 61 cd 4d a4 e4
e9 94 5b 3d 6b a2 15 8c
26 34 e9 84 (20 octets)

Input:
P = "password" (8 octets)
S = "saltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsaltSALTsalt" (36 octets)
c = 4096
dklen = 25

Output:
DK = 3d 2e ec 4f e4 1c 84 9b
80 c8 d8 36 62 c0 e4 4a
8b 29 1a 96 4c f2 f0 70
38 (25 octets)
Input:
P = "pass\0word" (9 octets)
S = "sa\0lt" (5 octets)
c = 4096
dklen = 16

Output:
DK = 56 fa 6a a7 55 48 09 9d  
    cc 37 d7 f0 34 25 e0 c3 (16 octets)

3. Acknowledgements

Barry Brachman and Love Hornquist Astrand confirmed the test vectors
(using independent implementations) and pointed out a mistake in the
salt octet length count.

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5. Security Considerations

The security considerations in [RFC2898] apply. This document does
not introduce any new security considerations.

6. References

6.1. Normative References

[ANSI.X3-4.1986]
American National Standards Institute, "Coded Character
Set - 7-bit American Standard Code for Information

[RFC2104]  Krawczyk, H., Bellare, M., and R. Canetti, "HMAC: Keyed-
Hashing for Message Authentication", RFC 2104,
February 1997.

[RFC2898]  Kaliski, B., "PKCS #5: Password-Based Cryptography

[FIPS.180-1.1995]
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Hash Standard", FIPS PUB 180-1, April 1995,
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